



**SAFETY DATA SHEET
(AEROSOL) Blast Citrus**

1 IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/PREPARATION AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

PRODUCT NAME (AEROSOL) Blast Citrus
 PRODUCT NO. A215
 APPLICATION Air Freshener
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2 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Extremely flammable. Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

CLASSIFICATION F+;R12. R67.

3 COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

| Name | EC No. | CAS-No. | Content | Classification |
|---------------------------|-----------|----------|---------|------------------------|
| BUTANE | 203-448-7 | 106-97-8 | 30-60% | F+;R12 |
| PARA-MENTHA-1,4 (8) DIENE | 209-578-0 | 586-62-9 | < 1% | Xn;R65. N;R51/53. R10. |
| PROPAN-2-OL | 200-661-7 | 67-63-0 | 10-30% | F;R11 Xi;R36 R67 |
| PROPANE | 200-827-9 | 74-98-6 | 30-60% | F+;R12 |

The Full Text for all R-Phrases are Displayed in Section 16

4 FIRST-AID MEASURES

INHALATION

Move the exposed person to fresh air at once. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

INGESTION

DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING! Rinse mouth thoroughly. Drink plenty of water. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

SKIN CONTACT

Wash the skin immediately with soap and water. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

EYE CONTACT

Make sure to remove any contact lenses from the eyes before rinsing. Promptly wash eyes with plenty of water while lifting the eye lids. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

5 FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

Use: Powder. Dry chemicals, sand, dolomite etc. Water spray, fog or mist.

(AEROSOL) Blast Citrus**SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES**

Containers close to fire should be removed or cooled with water. Use water to keep fire exposed containers cool and disperse vapours. Be aware of danger of explosion.

UNUSUAL FIRE & EXPLOSION HAZARDS

Aerosol cans may explode in a fire. HIGHLY FLAMMABLE!

SPECIFIC HAZARDS

Aerosol containers can explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up. Fire creates: Carbon dioxide (CO₂). Carbon monoxide (CO). Nitrous gases (NO_x).

6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS**

For personal protection, see section 8.

ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS

Do not discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

SPILL CLEAN UP METHODS

Extinguish all ignition sources. Avoid sparks, flames, heat and smoking. Ventilate. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers.

7 HANDLING AND STORAGE**USAGE PRECAUTIONS**

Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Avoid spilling, skin and eye contact. Ventilate well, avoid breathing vapours. Use approved respirator if air contamination is above accepted level. Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. During application and drying, solvent vapours will be emitted. Eliminate all sources of ignition.

STORAGE PRECAUTIONS

Aerosol cans: Must not be exposed to direct sunlight or temperatures above 50°C. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame.

Pressurised container: Must not be exposed for temperatures above 50°C. Store in tightly closed original container in a dry and cool place.

8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

| Name | Std | LT - ppm | LT - mg/m ³ | ST - ppm | ST - mg/m ³ |
|-------------|-----|------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------|
| BUTANE | WEL | 600 ppm | 1450 mg/m ³ | 750 ppm | 1810 mg/m ³ |
| PROPAN-2-OL | WEL | 400 ppm | 999 mg/m ³ | 500 ppm | 1250 mg/m ³ |
| PROPANE | | Asphyxiating Asphyxiating | Asphyxiating | Asphyxiating Asphyxiating | Asphyxiating |

INGREDIENT COMMENTS

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limits

PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT**PROCESS CONDITIONS**

Provide eyewash station.

ENGINEERING MEASURES

Observe Workplace Exposure Limits and minimise the risk of inhalation of vapours.

RESPIRATORY EQUIPMENT

No specific recommendation made, but respiratory protection must be used if the general level exceeds the Recommended Workplace Exposure Limit.

HAND PROTECTION

Use protective gloves made of: Polyvinyl chloride (PVC). The most suitable glove must be chosen in consultation with the gloves supplier, who can inform about the breakthrough time of the glove material.

EYE PROTECTION

Not relevant.

OTHER PROTECTION

Wear appropriate clothing to prevent repeated or prolonged skin contact.

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HYGIENE MEASURES

DO NOT SMOKE IN WORK AREA! When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Promptly remove any clothing that becomes contaminated.

9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

| | | | |
|------------------|----------------------|---------------------------------|-------------|
| APPEARANCE | Aerosol Clear liquid | | |
| COLOUR | Colourless | | |
| ODOUR | Citrus | | |
| RELATIVE DENSITY | 1.000 (20°C) | VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUND (VOC) | 556 g/litre |

10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

STABILITY

Stable under normal temperature conditions and recommended use. Avoid: Heat, sparks, flames. Shocks and physical damage.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID

Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition. Avoid contact with: Strong oxidising agents. Strong alkalis. Strong mineral acids.

MATERIALS TO AVOID

Strong alkalis. Strong oxidising substances.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS

Fire creates: Vapours/gases/fumes of: Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO₂). Nitrous gases (NO_x).

11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

INHALATION

Vapour may irritate respiratory system or lungs. Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

INGESTION

Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.

SKIN CONTACT

May cause defatting of the skin, but is not an irritant.

EYE CONTACT

Spray and vapour in the eyes may cause irritation and smarting.

HEALTH WARNINGS

Because of quantity and composition, the health hazard is small.

12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ECOTOXICITY

The product contains substances which are toxic to aquatic organisms and which may cause long term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

GENERAL INFORMATION

Do not puncture or incinerate even when empty. Empty aerosols should be recycled where facilities exist. Full or part full aerosols should be disposed of as hazardous waste in accordance with local authority requirements.

DISPOSAL METHODS

Empty containers must not be burned because of explosion hazard. Dispose of waste and residues in accordance with local authority requirements. Do not allow runoff to sewer, waterway or ground.

14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION

(AEROSOL) Blast Citrus

| | | | |
|----------------------|-----------------------------|----------------|------------|
| PROPER SHIPPING NAME | AEROSOLS, flammable | | |
| UN NO. ROAD | 1950 | ADR CLASS NO. | 2 |
| ADR CLASS | Class 2.1: Flammable gases. | ADR PACK GROUP | 5(F) |
| UN NO. SEA | 1950 | IMDG PAGE NO. | 93 (vol 2) |

15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

LABELLING



Extremely Flammable

RISK PHRASES

R12 Extremely flammable.
R67 Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

SAFETY PHRASES

S2 Keep out of the reach of children
S9 Keep container in a well-ventilated place.
S16 Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.
S23 Do not breathe vapour/spray.
S51 Use only in well-ventilated areas.
S35 This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way.

16 OTHER INFORMATION

GENERAL INFORMATION

This product has been manufactured under ISO 9001 and ISO 14001 Quality and Environmental Management Systems.
Only trained personnel should use this material.

REVISION DATE 24/01/2008

REV. NO./REPL. SDS GENERATED 4

RISK PHRASES IN FULL

R10 Flammable.
R11 Highly flammable.
R12 Extremely flammable.
R36 Irritating to eyes.
R51/53 Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.
R65 Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.
R67 Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

DISCLAIMER

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.